

TERRESTRIAL VERTEBRATE BIODIVERSITY STUDIES IN THE BEETALOO BASIN

Waterbirds

Studies of terrestrial vertebrate fauna in the Beetaloo Sub-basin aim to document the distribution of terrestrial species in the region and to identify sites of high ecological value. Pictured here is a selection of shore- and waterbird species detected in the study area between May and October 2021.

Photo credits: Anders Zimny, Raoul Ribot, Lauren Young and Gina Barnett



Australian Pelican
Pelicanus conspicillatus



Little Black Cormorant
Phalacrocorax sulcirostris



Australasian Darter
Anhinga novaehollandiae



Bush Stone-curlew
Burhinus grallarius



Black-winged Stilt
Himantopus himantopus



Australian Pratincole
Stiltia isabella



Red-capped Plover
Charadrius ruficapillus



Black-fronted Dotterel
Euseyonis melanops



Masked Lapwing
Vanellus miles



Australian Painted-snipe
Rostratula australis



Red-necked Stint
Calidris ruficollis



Sharp-tailed Sandpiper
Calidris acuminata



Magpie Goose
Anseranas semipalmata



Plumed Whistling-Duck
Dendrocygna eytoni



Radjah Shelduck
Tadorna radjah



Pink-eared Duck
Malacorynchus membranaceus



Pacific Black Duck
Anas superciliosa



White-faced Heron
Egretta novaehollandiae



Great Egret
Ardea alba



Intermediate Egret
Ardea intermedia



Royal Spoonbill
Platalea regia



Straw-necked Ibis
Threskiornis spinicollis



Glossy Ibis
Plegadis falcinellus



Brolga
Grus rubicunda



Black-necked Stork
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus